# Biology Higher level Paper 1A

12 May 2025

Zone A afternoon Zone B afternoon Zone C afternoon

9.

2 hours [Paper 1A and Paper 1B]

## Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all questions. ٠
- the answer sheet provided.
- A calculator is required for this paper. •
- The maximum mark for paper 1A is [40 marks].
- The maximum mark for paper 1A and paper 1B is [75 marks].

Programme du diplôme Programa del Diploma

140

For each question, choose the answer you consider to be the best and indicate your choice on

### 1. Which symbol indicates the polarity of the oxygen atom in the water molecule?

Ð.



- δ-Β.
- C. +
- D. \_
- 2. extraterrestrial life?

	Planet	Temperature / °C	Atmosphere	Gravity / g
A.	Kepler-22b	-11 to 16	unknown	2.4



# Which planet in the table falls within the "Goldilocks zone" and may be capable of sustaining



## C. + D.

-

2. extraterrestrial life?

	Planet	Temperature / °C	Atmosphere	Gravity / g
A.	Kepler-22b	-11 to 16	unknown	2.4
B.	WASP-39b	750	hydrogen, helium and other elements	25.0
C.	Gliese 876d	50 to 80	high levels of toxic gases	20.0
D.	Kepler-16b	-100	unknown	0.9

Which planet in the table falls within the "Goldilocks zone" and may be capable of sustaining



## 3. Which of these molecules is amphipathic?



?

Α. ⊕.  $\circ =$  $\circ =$ Β.

CH<sub>2</sub>OH









Β.

С.











4. stabilize it?

	Level of structure	Bonds
A.	primary	peptide and carboxyl gro
Β.	secondary	hydrogen b
C.	tertiary	disulfide, hy of amino ac
D.	quaternary	covalent bo regions on t
	L	

The graph shows the activity of an enzyme as temperature increases. 5.



Which row correctly matches the level of structure of a protein molecule with the bonds that

d hydrogen bonds between amine and oups

onds between R-groups of amino acids

ydrogen and ionic bonds between R-groups cids

onds between hydrophobic and hydrophilic the polypeptide subunits







- Α.
- Β.
- C.
- An inhibitor has been added, reducing the number of active sites. D.



- What is an example of an intracellular enzyme-catalysed reaction? 6.
  - Chemical digestion in the gut Α.
  - Glycolysis in cellular respiration Β.
  - Blood clotting in the circulatory system C.
  - Recycling of acetylcholine in a synapse D.
- What occurs during the stages of respiration? 7.

	Stage of respiration	Decarboxylation	Reduced NAD produced
A.	Glycolysis	No	No
B.	Link reaction	Yes	No
C.	Krebs cycle	Yes	Yes
D.	Electron transport chain	No	Yes

- and . \*



8.  $R_f$  of 0.5.



The diagram shows a chromatogram of the pigments in a leaf. Substance Z is known to have a





## What are pigments X and Y?

X	Y
Chlorophyll a	Phaeophy
Chlorophyll a	Carotene
Chlorophyll b	Carotene
Chlorophyll b	Chlorophy
	Chlorophyll <i>a</i> Chlorophyll <i>b</i>



Colour	<b>R</b> <sub>f</sub>
Yellow	0.95
Yellow-grey	0.83
Blue-green	0.65
Green	0.45





# 9. Which enzyme is associated with proofreading during DNA replication?

- A. DNA primase
- B. DNA helicase
- C. DNA polymerase III
- D. DNA ligase
- 10. What occurs during translation?
  - Polypeptides synthesised on ribosomes
  - II. RNA polymerase catalyses polypeptide synthesis
  - III. Complementary base pairing between codons and anticodons
  - A. I and II only
  - B Land III only



- C. DNA polymerase III
- D. DNA ligase
- 10. What occurs during translation?
  - Polypeptides synthesised on ribosomes
  - II. RNA polymerase catalyses polypeptide synthesis
  - III. Complementary base pairing between codons and anticodons
  - A. I and II only
  - B. I and III only
  - C. II and III only
  - D. I, II and III



# 11. A DNA sequence before and after a mutation is shown.

Before mutation 3' TAC TCC TGC TTC 5' After mutation 3' TAC TGC TGC TTC 5'

The table contains mRNA codons and their associated amino acids.

mRNA codon	Amino acid
AUG	Met
AGG	Arg
ACG	Thr
AAG	Lys
UAC	Tyr
UCC	Ser
UGC	Cys

belore mutation	5	IAC	100	IGC	110	5	
After mutation	3′	TAC	TGC	TGC	ттс	5'	

The table contains mRNA codons and their associated amino acids.

1	
	mRNA co
	AUG
	AGG
	ACG
	AAG
	UAC
	UCC
	UGC
	UUC

What would be the effect of this mutation on the translated polypeptide?

### 

mRNA codon	Amino acid
AUG	Met
AGG	Arg
ACG	Thr
AAG	Lys
UAC	Tyr
UCC	Ser
UGC	Cys
UUC	Phe

AUG	INIEL
AGG	Arg
ACG	Thr
AAG	Lys
UAC	Tyr
UCC	Ser
UGC	Cys
UUC	Phe

What would be the effect of this mutation on the translated polypeptide?

- Thr would replace Arg. Α.
- Cys would replace Ser. Β.
- C. There would be an extra Arg.
- There would be no change in the amino acid sequence. D.

- 12. What were the key findings?
  - Living cells could be produced from a mixture of chemicals. Α.
  - Β.
  - Life could spontaneously emerge without external influence. C.
  - DNA and RNA could self-replicate in a prebiotic environment. D.
- The table shows features of three types of cells (X, Y and Z). 13.

	Cell			
Feature	X	Y	z	
Cell wall	absent	present	present	
Centrioles	present	absent	absent	
Large vacuole	absent	present	present	

The Miller–Urey experiment carried out in 1952 tested the hypothesis of the chemical origin of life.

Complex organic molecules could form under simulated primordial conditions.



### The table shows features of three types of cells (X, Y and Z). 13.

	Cell			
Feature	X	Y	z	
Cell wall	absent	present	present	
Centrioles	present	absent	absent	
Large vacuole	absent	present	present	
Plastids	absent	present	absent	

To which kingdom do each of the cells belong?

	X	Y	Z
١.	Animal	Fungi	Plant
3.	Fungi	Animal	Protist
).	Animal	Plant	Fungi
).	Protist	Animal	Plant



### The diagram shows the structure of a chloroplast. Where does the Calvin cycle occur? 14.



15 The micrograph shows alveali in a human lung



### The micrograph shows alveoli in a human lung. 15.



How are the pneumocytes adapted to their function?

## Type I pneumocyte

## Type II pneumocyte





How are the pneumocytes adapted to their function?

	Type I pneumocytes	Type II pneumocytes	
Α.	many secretory vesicles (lamellar bodies)	many secretory vesicles (lamellar bodies)	
Β.	many secretory vesicles (lamellar bodies)	large number of mitochondria	
C.	large number of mitochondria	extreme thinness	
D.	extreme thinness	many secretory vesicles (lamellar bodies)	

Type I pneumocyte

# Type II pneumocyte



### Which term describes very early-stage embryonic stem cells in a mouse? 16.

- Totipotent Α.
- Pluripotent Β.
- Multipotent C.
- Unipotent D.
- The graph below shows an action potential. 17.



. .

-

. \*





The graph below shows an action potential. 17.









Where on the graph do the sodium channels open?

- A. At 1
- B. Between 1 and 2
- C. At 2
- D. Between 2 and 3



- 18. What effect does cocaine have on neural signalling?
  - A. Blocks the reuptake of neurotransmitters in the synapse
  - B. Opens channels for positively charged ions to initiate an action potential
  - C. Acts as a non-competitive inhibitor of the sodium-potassium pump
  - D. Triggers an increase in saltatory conduction in the nodes of Ranvier
- 19. The micrograph shows onion (Allium cepa) root tip cells dividing by mitosis.





# 19. The micrograph shows onion (Allium cepa) root tip cells dividing by mitosis.

Ζ







# In which phase is cell Z?

- A. Interphase
- B. Prophase
- C. Metaphase
- D. Anaphase



### The image shows human blood cells immersed in a solution. 20.



What can be deduced from the image?

- The solution is hypotonic as the cells are crenated. Α.
- The solution is hypotonic as the cells are turgid. Β.
- The solution is hypertonic as the cells are crenated. С.
- The colution is humantania as the calls are turned



What can be deduced from the image?

- The solution is hypotonic as the cells are crenated. Α.
- The solution is hypotonic as the cells are turgid. Β.
- The solution is hypertonic as the cells are crenated. C.
- The solution is hypertonic as the cells are turgid. D.





21. What can be deduced from the cladogram?



- Tortoises do not have lungs. Α.
- A tortoise and a tarsier are more closely related than a tiger and a tarsier. Β.
- A toad and a tuna are more closely related than a tiger and a tuna. C.
- Tigers have fur and 5-digit hands. D.

22. The karyogram is taken from a primate.












All primates have the same sex determination chromosomes. From which primate is the karyogram?

- A. Human female
- B. Chimpanzee female
- C. Human male
- D. Chimpanzee male





23. (taking a deep breath).



# The graph shows changes in lung volume during normal ventilation and forced ventilation





Volume per unit mass / ml kg<sup>-1</sup>





# What is the vital capacity?

- A. 7 ml kg<sup>-1</sup>
- B. 37 ml kg<sup>-1</sup>
- C. 65 ml kg<sup>-1</sup>
- D. 80 ml kg<sup>-1</sup>



# 24. What increases the rate of transpiration?

- A. Increasing the humidity
- B. Decreasing the temperature
- C. Decreasing the light intensity
- D. Increasing the wind speed

25. in the artery, then the pressure released.



The graph shows changes in blood pressure during the cardiac cycle, taken using a sphygmomanometer. A cuff is attached to the upper arm, inflated to stop the blood flow





What are the values of the diastolic and systolic pressures from the graph?

	Diastolic pressure / mm Hg	Systolic pressure / mmHg
A.	120	76
B.	130	66

### Time





What are the values of the diastolic and systolic pressures from the graph?

	Diastolic pressure / mm Hg	Systolic pressure / mmHg
A.	120	76
B.	130	66
C.	76	120
D.	66	130

### Time

- Which of these structures is most likely to be the effector in a pain reflex arc? 26.
  - Grey matter Α.
  - Skeletal muscle Β.
  - Motor neuron C.
  - Pineal gland D.
- Which cell type is part of the innate immune system? 27.
  - Phagocytes Α.
  - **B-lymphocytes** Β.
  - T-lymphocytes C.
  - Helper T-cells D.

- **T-lymphocytes** C.
- Helper T-cells D.
- Which chemical causes positive feedback to ensure rapid ripening of fruit? 28.
  - Auxin Α.
  - Cytokinin Β.
  - Epinephrine C.
  - Ethylene D.

#### The diagram shows a cross-section of a flower. 29.



What describes the structure labelled 70







# What describes the structure labelled Z?

- A. Structure Z is the anther, which is part of the stamen.
- B. Structure Z is the stigma, which is part of the stamen.
- C. Structure Z is the anther, which is part of the carpel.
- D. Structure Z is the stigma, which is part of the carpel.

# 30. How is blood glucose regulated?

- D. Structure Z is the stigma, which is part of the carpel.
- How is blood glucose regulated? 30.

	Deviation of blood glucose level from normal	Hormone secreted by pancreas	Effect
A.	higher	glucagon	muscles break down glycogen into glucose
B.	higher	insulin	small intestine slows glucose absorption
C.	lower	glucagon	liver converts glycogen to glucose
D.	lower	insulin	kidney reabsorbs more glucose

. .

- 31.
  - 100% pink Α.
  - 50% red and 50% white Β.
  - 25% white, 50% pink and 25% red С.
  - 75% red and 25% white D.
- What controls the developmental changes during puberty? 32.
  - L.
  - 11.
  - Ш. luteinizing hormone (LH)
  - I and II only Α.
  - I and III only R

A Mirabilis jalapa plant with red flowers was crossed with one with white flowers. All plants in the F1 generation had pink flowers. What phenotype ratio would be expected in the F2 generation?

⊕.

Increased release of gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH) by the hypothalamus

Luteinizing hormone (LH) leading to increased sex hormone production

Gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH) triggering the onset of increased

- 25% white, 50% pink and 25% red С.
- 75% red and 25% white D.
- What controls the developmental changes during puberty? 32.
  - Increased release of gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH) by the hypothalamus I.
  - Luteinizing hormone (LH) leading to increased sex hormone production 11.
  - Gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH) triggering the onset of increased 111. luteinizing hormone (LH)
  - I and II only Α.
  - Β. and III only
  - II and III only C.
  - I, II and III D.
- 33.

The images show an ichthyosaurus and a dolphin. Ichthyosaurus is an extinct aquatic reptile,

33. known only from fossil remains. Dolphins are mammals.



How have these species evolved?

- Their streamlined bodies show divergent evolution. Α.
- Their streamlined bodies are analogous structures. Β.
- Their pentadactyl limbs are an example of convergent evolution. C.
- Their pentadactyl limbs are analogous structures. D.

The images show an ichthyosaurus and a dolphin. Ichthyosaurus is an extinct aquatic reptile,



34. of humans in New Zealand and the 1800s.»



The North Island giant moa (Dinornis novaezealandiae) went extinct some time between the arrival



# What do scientists believe to be the cause of this extinction?

- A. Deforestation
- B. New diseases
- C. Competition with other megafauna
- D. Overhunting

- B. New diseases
- C. Competition with other megafauna
- D. Overhunting
- 35. What occurs during competitive exclusion between two species?
  - I. They compete for the same resources so cannot coexist in the same niche.
  - II. Competing species are regulated by predators in the ecosystem.
  - III. Both species are restricted to a part of their fundamental niche.
  - A. I and II only
  - B. I and III only
  - C. III only
  - D. I, II and III



36. (Littorina littorea) on a rocky shore. The table shows the data collected.



Individuals captured

A capture-mark-release-recapture experiment was used, together with the Lincoln index formula (population size estimate =  $M \times N/R$ ), to estimate the population size of common periwinkles

4	and	marked	initially	100
4	and	mancoa	nnaany	100







Individuals captured

Individuals recapture

Marked individuals r

What is the estimated size of the population?

- 160 Α.
- 500 Β.
- 1000 C
- D. 5000
- 37 Which organisms use exidation of simple inorganic substances as an energy source?

and marked initially	100
ed	50
recaptured	10



- 160 Α.
- 500 Β.
- 1000 C.
- 5000 D.
- Which organisms use oxidation of simple inorganic substances as an energy source? 37.
  - Photoautotrophs Α.
  - Heterotrophs Β.
  - Chemoautotrophs C.
  - Saprotrophs D.

# 38. (Poecilia reticulata) by controlling selection-pressures.



What did the experiments of John Endler demonstrate?

Guppies have no predators in their natural habitat. Α.

John Endler's experiments modelled sexual and natural selection in Trinidadian guppies



What did the experiments of John Endler demonstrate?

- Guppies have no predators in their natural habitat. Α.
- Β. Male guppies prefer dull-coloured females for mating.
- Predation influences the colour of guppies in different environments. C.
- Guppies are not affected by the presence of other fish species. D.

- 39. What occurs during primary succession?
  - A. Saprotrophs are the first to colonize bare rock.
  - B. The amount of primary production remains stable.
  - C. There is a decrease in species diversity.
  - D. There is an increase in the complexity of food webs.
- 40. What is the main driver of contemporary climate change?
  - A. The burning of fossil fuels, releasing greenhouse gases into the atmosphere
  - B. Natural variability in solar radiation, causing periodic shifts in temperature
  - C. Ocean currents regulating heat distribution, influencing weather patterns
  - D. Volcanic eruptions heating the atmosphere

